

POST-DISASTER REDEVELOPMENT PLANNING:

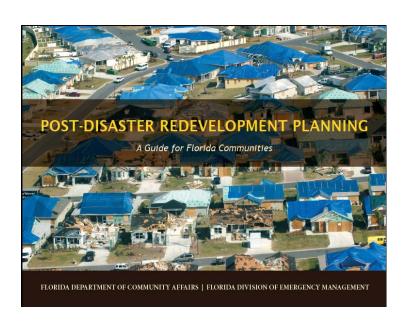
State of Florida Initiative



Florida Department of Community Affairs
Florida Division of Emergency Management

Overview of Presentation

- History of the Post-Disaster Redevelopment Planning Initiative
- Getting Started
- Planning Process
- Plan Topics
- Implementation Considerations
- Future PDRP Efforts
- Grant Opportunity

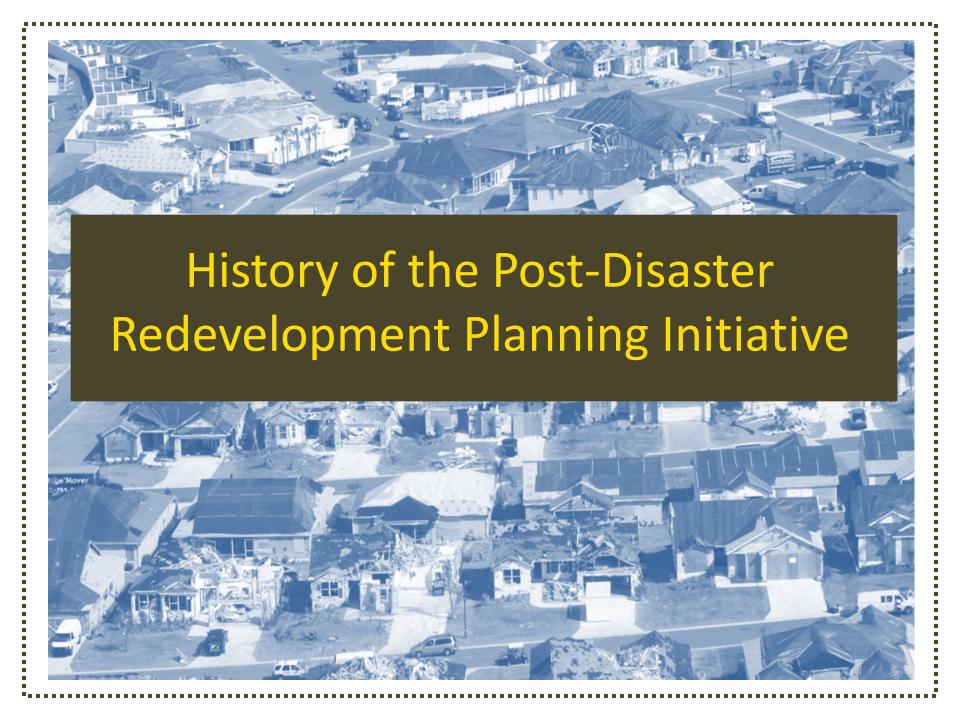


Please download the guidebook at the following website:

http://www.dca.state.fl.us/fdcp/dcp/PDRP/overv iew.cfm

The grant application is available at:

http://www.floridadisaster.org/Recovery/IndividualAssistance/pdredevelopmentplan/Index.htm



Project Partners – Funding Sources











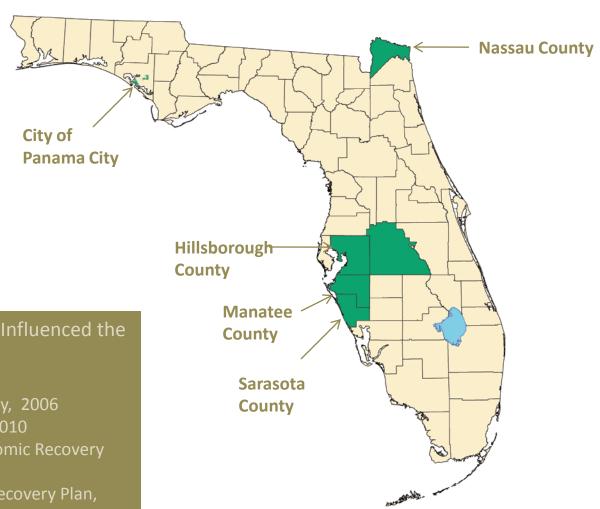


Statewide Focus Group

- Gary Appelson, Sea Turtle Conservancy
- Mitchell Austin, City of Punta Gorda
- Pat Blackshear, Walton County
- Lieske Cox, Enterprise Florida
- Robert Deyle, Florida State University
- Roy Dunn, Florida Division of Emergency Management
- Ann-Margaret Esnard, Florida Atlantic University
- Walter Fufidio, Nassau County
- Howard Glassman, Florida Department of Transportatoin
- Allara Mills-Gutcher, City of Panama City
- Eugene Henry, Hillsborough County
- Betti Johnson, Tampa Bay Regional Planning
 Council
- Curtis Knowles, Polk County

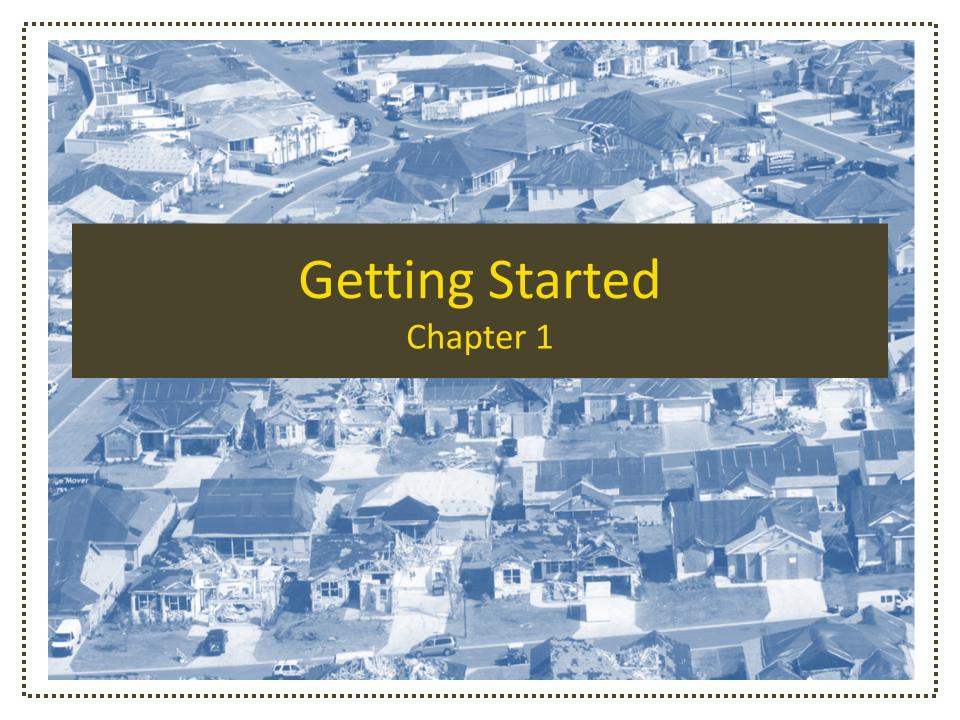
- Sandy Meyer, Florida Division of Emergency Management
- Cindy Palmer, Federal Emergency Management Agency
- Jim Quinn, Florida Department of Environmental Protection
- Heidi Recksiek, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- Sharon Tarman, Manatee County
- Sheridan "Butch" Truesdale, Palm Beach County
- Mickie Valente, Valente Strategic Advisors, LLC.
- Gabriela Vigo, Federal Emergency Management Agency
- John Wilson, Lee County
- Michael Wood, Manatee County
- Laird Wreford, Sarasota County

Pilot Communities



Other Plans that Influenced the process...

- ■Palm Beach County, 2006
- ■Alachua County, 2010
- ■East Central Economic Recovery Plan, 2008
- ■Monroe County Recovery Plan, 2010



What is a Post-Disaster Redevelopment Plan?

A Post-Disaster Redevelopment Plan identifies policies, operational strategies, and roles and responsibilities for implementation that will guide decisions that affect long-term recovery and redevelopment of the community after a disaster. The plan emphasizes seizing opportunities for hazard mitigation and community improvement consistent with the goals of the local comprehensive plan and with participation of the citizens. Recovery topics addressed in the plan should include business resumption and economic redevelopment, housing repair and reconstruction, infrastructure restoration and mitigation, short-term recovery actions that affect longterm redevelopment, sustainable land use, environmental restoration, and financial considerations as well as other long-term recovery issues identified by the community.

Why should my community develop a Post-Disaster Redevelopment Plan?

 Post-disaster redevelopment planning is REQUIRED for all coastal communities and encouraged for inland communities (Section 163.3177(7)(I), F.S.)

 Coastal Management Element of local comprehensive plan must include policies on postdisaster redevelopment planning.
 (Rule 9J-5.012(3)(2)(5), F.A.C.)

Benefits of Post-Disaster Redevelopment Planning

- Faster and More Efficient Recovery
- Opportunities to Build Back Better
- Local Control Over Recovery

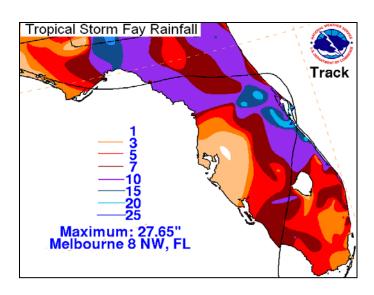




All Florida Communities are Vulnerable to Disaster

 62 major disaster declarations between 1960 and 2009.

 Inland communities are prone to wildfire and inland flooding.





Types and Levels of Disasters

- Post-Disaster
 Redevelopment
 Planning is **NOT** only
 for catastrophic
 events.
- Communities should take advantage of all windows of opportunity and plan for future vulnerability.

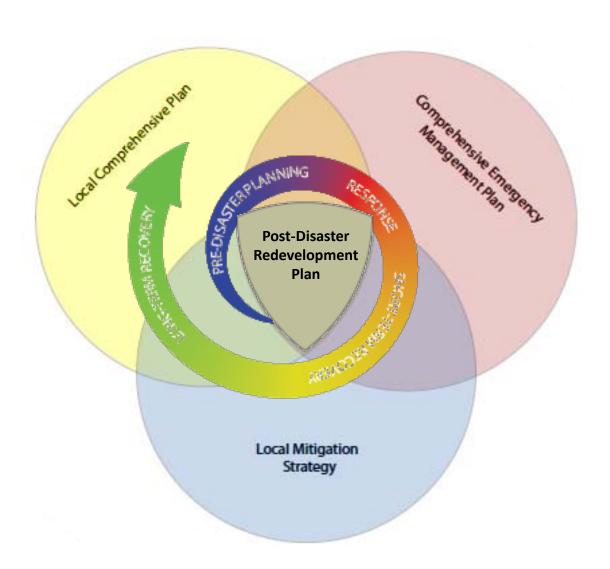


Disaster Phases

- Pre-Disaster
- Emergency Response
- Short-Term Recovery
- Long-Term Recovery



Interaction with other Plans



Different Approaches to Plan Development

- Adopt a Post-Disaster Redevelopment Ordinance
- Integrate Post-Disaster Redevelopment into the Local Comprehensive Plan
- Integrate Post-Disaster Redevelopment into the Local Mitigation Strategy
- Expand the Recovery Annex of the CEMP to address Post-Disaster Recovery Issues
- Stand-Alone PDRP integrated with Other Local Plans

Which Jurisdictions to Include?

- Municipal Level (City of Panama City)
- Regional (East Central)
- Countywide (Alachua, Hillsborough, Palm Beach, Polk, Manatee, Nassau and Sarasota)

Lessons Learned

- Plans work best if coordinated countywide.
- It can take longer than a year to complete the planning process.
- Education on the topic of long-term recovery is needed up front.

Check out online case studies for more information...

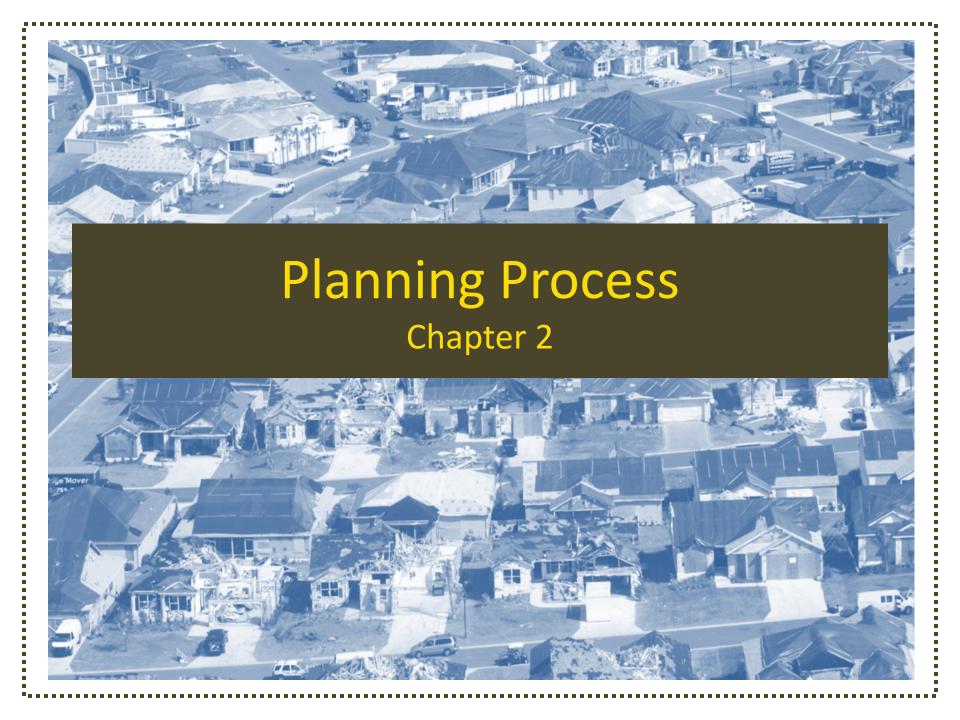
Key Ingredients for Plan Success

- Leadership
- Participation
- Commitment

Top-level and grassroots support is important to ensure that the Plan will be the guiding document for long-term redevelopment after a disaster







The Post-Disaster Redevelopment Planning Process

Initiating the Process 1. Designate a local government official to serve as PDRP Coordinator. 2. Choose a start date that is advantageous and considers other community planning processes. 3. Determine an adequate timeframe. 4. Identify funding sources and secure adequate funding. 5. Solicit the support of local elected and community leadership.

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Plan Drafting and Adoption

- 1. Prepare first draft.
- Solicit comments from stakeholder group, other local agencies, and the public.
- Revise draft based on feedback and finalize.
- 4. Initiate local adoption process.

Research and Analysis

- Conduct a Capacity Assessment by reviewing local plans and programs and
 assessmer available financial and staffing resources.
 - assessing available financial and staffing resources.
- 2. Develop basic implementation structure.
- Conduct additional vulnerability analysis tasks based on relerance and feasibility.

Facilitating Input

- Define and prioritize a set of long-term recovery issues relevant to your specific community.
- 2. Develop a set of strategies or actions for each issue.
- 3. Decide the mechanisms by which the Plan will be implemented.

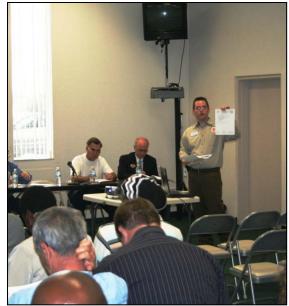
PDRP Coordinator Role

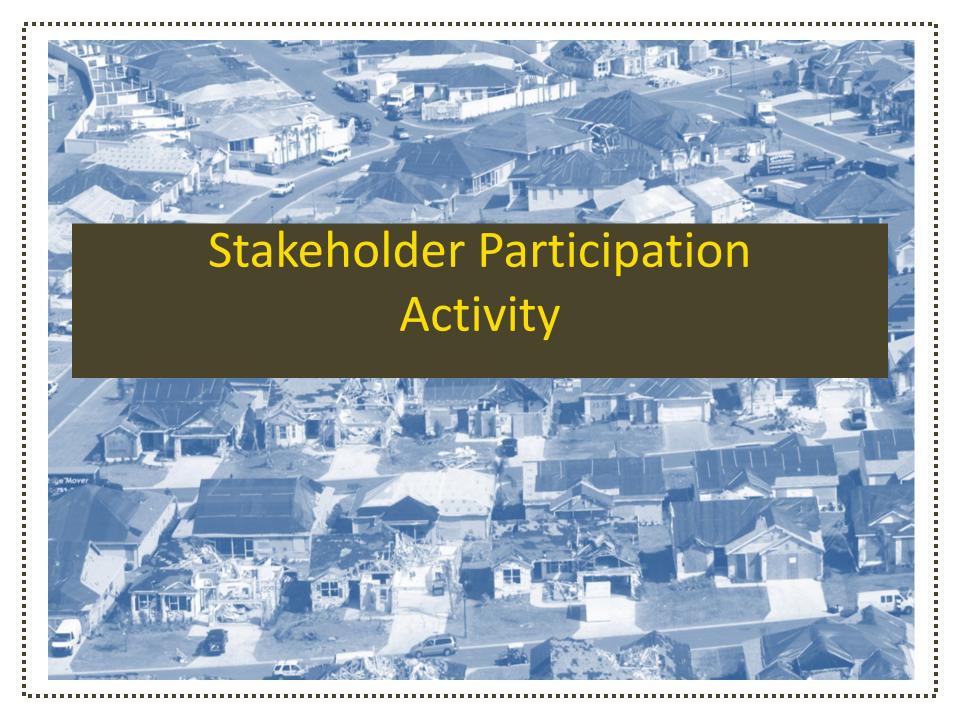
- Organizes stakeholder group
- Facilitates planning process
- Leads public outreach
- Liaises with community leaders
- Oversees research and analysis
- Write/Edits Plan drafts
- Solicits input on planning effort
- Presents the plan for adoption



PDRP Coordinator

- Alachua County: Emergency Management, Public Safety
- Hillsborough County: Hazard Mitigation Section Manager, Planning and Growth Management Department
- Manatee County: Hazard Mitigation Planner, Comprehensive Planning Division
- Palm Beach County: Senior Hazard Mitigation Planner,
 Emergency Management Department
- Panama City: Manager, Planning Services
- Polk County: Senior Transportation Planner,
 Long-Range Planning Division
- Sarasota County: Coastal Resources
 Manager, Natural Resources Department





Organizing Stakeholder Participation

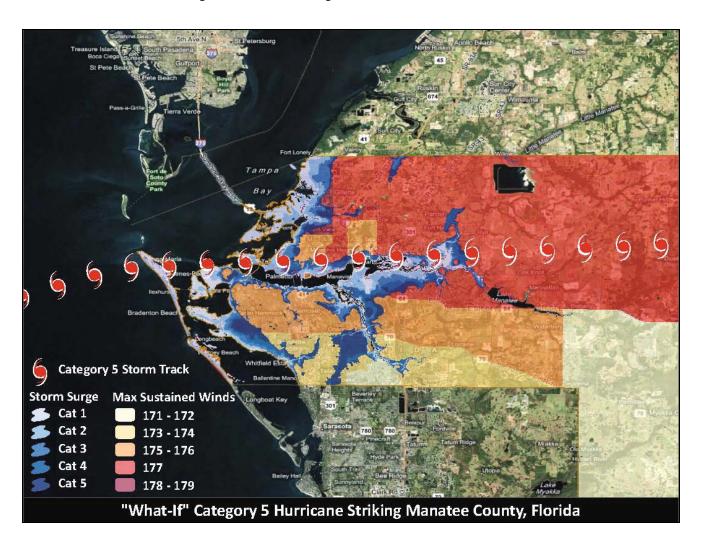
Торіс	Stakeholder Group
General/Administrative	Chief Administrative Officer
	Municipalities (if jurisdiction is a county)
	Public Information Officer
	Public Safety or Emergency Management Department
	Finance Department
	Legal Department
	Administrative or Personnel Department
	GIS Department
Land Use/Comprehensive Planning	Planning or Community Development Department
	Community Redevelopment Associations
	Regional Planning Councils
Housing	Building and/or Zoning Department
	Code Enforcement Department
	Neighborhood or Homeowner's Association
	Homebuilder's Association
Economy	Economic Development Organization or Chamber(s) of Commerce
	Tourism or Visitor's Bureau
	Major Employers
Infrastructure	Public Works Department
	Solid Waste Department
	Public and/or Private Utilities
	Metropolitan Planning Organization (transportation)
	Transit Organization/ Company
	Aviation and Port Authority
Health and Social Services	School District and Higher Education Facilities
	Health Department or Medical Organization
	Human or Social Service Agencies
	Non-governmental Organization Service Providers
Environment	Environmental Resources or Parks and Recreation Department
	Water Management District
	<u> </u>

Capacity Assessment

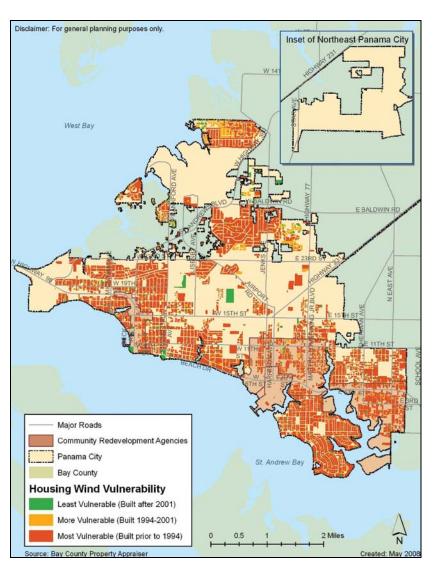
Review Plans, Programs and Resources for....

- Existing data and analysis for vulnerability assessment
- 2. Current redevelopment standards
- 3. Existing redevelopment plans (CRAs, etc.)
- 4. Staff to assist with plan
- 5. Opportunities to advance other programs
- 6. Gaps or weaknesses in current plans

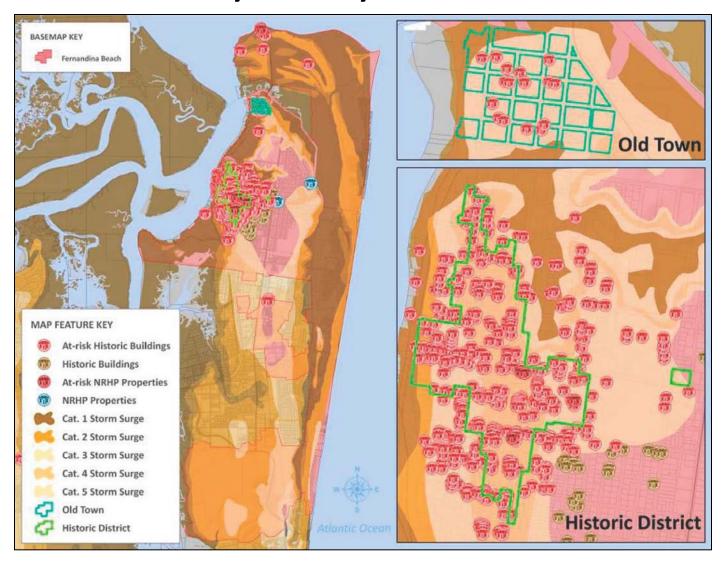
Vulnerability Analysis: Manatee County



Vulnerability Analysis: Panama City



Vulnerability Analysis: Nassau County

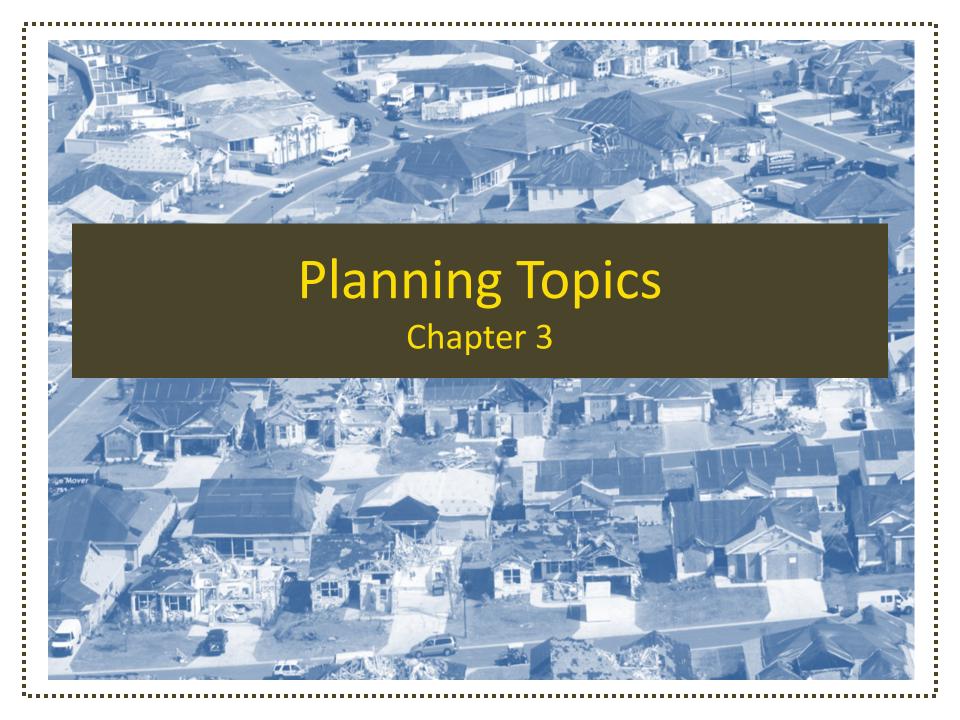


Facilitating Input

- Keep the focus on LONG-TERM RECOVERY.
- Make information on the purpose of the project easy to find on your website.
- Frame meetings with the goals you wish to accomplish for that day.
- Facilitate your break-out sessions with seasoned participants.
- Remember you rarely have to reinvent the wheel with this plan – shape what already exists!

Developing Strategies and Actions: The PDRP "To Do" List

- Pre-Disaster Actions vs. Post-Disaster Actions
- Estimated Start Date
- Issue that the action will address
- Lead Agency/Organization
- Funding Sources or Resources needed
- Targeted population



Overview of Post-Disaster Redevelopment Planning Topics

- Land Use
- Housing
- Economic Redevelopment
- Infrastructure and Public Facilities
- Health and Social Services
- Environment

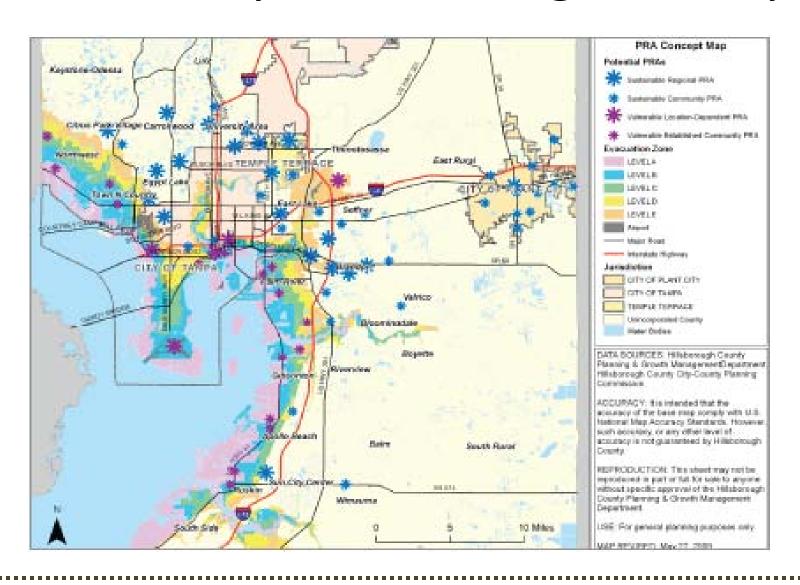
Land Use

- Phased Reconstruction and Streamlined Permitting
- Reducing Disaster
 Vulnerability through
 Voluntary Mitigation
 Programs
- Prioritizing Areas to Focus Redevelopment



FSU, R. Deyle, 2008

Case Study: Hillsborough County



Housing

- Temporary Housing
 Siting Criteria, Provision
 and Removal
- Transitioning Residents Back to Permanent Housing
- Rebuilding Affordable Housing





Economic Redevelopment

 Resumption and Retention of Major Employers

- Tourism Renewal
- Opportunities to Sustainably Restore Economic Vitality



Infrastructure and Public Facilities

- Infrastructure for Temporary Recovery Operations
- Financing Infrastructure and Public Facilities Repair
- Relocation of Vulnerable Infrastructure and Public Facilities





Health and Social Services

- Health Facility Restoration
- Coordination and Assistance for Non-Governmental Organizations and Volunteers
- Schools, Higher Education Reopened



Environment

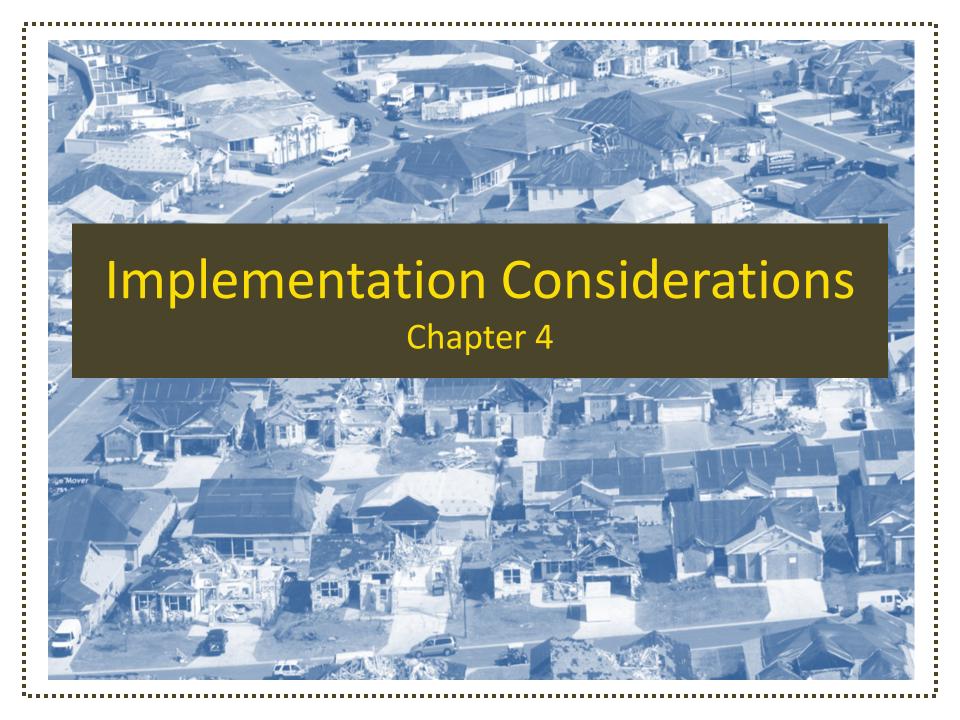
- Beach and Dune Restoration
- Environmental and Historic Review of Temporary Sites
- Green Rebuilding



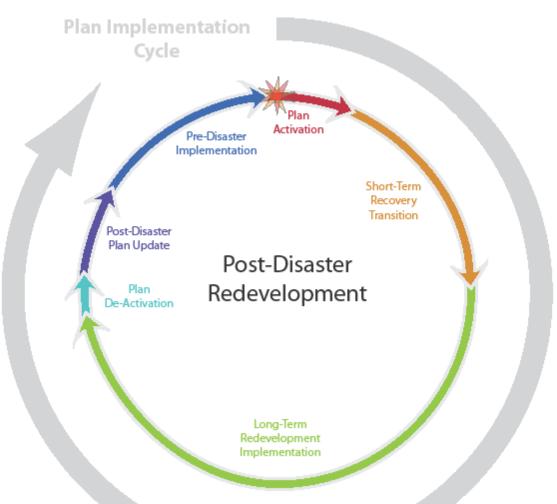
Case Study: Alys Beach, FL

FORTIFIED...for Safer Living Program





Plan Implementation Steps



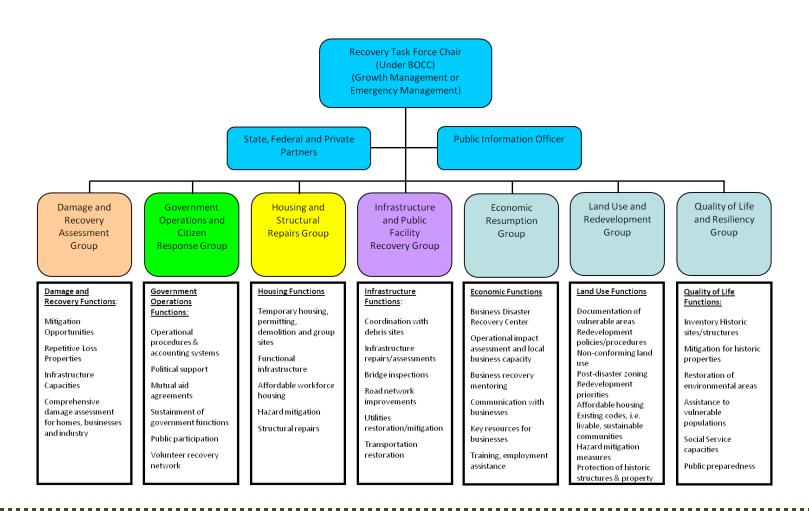
Pre-Disaster Implementation

- Implementing Pre-Disaster Actions
- Plan Maintenance and Update
- Exercising the Plan



Post-Disaster Implementation

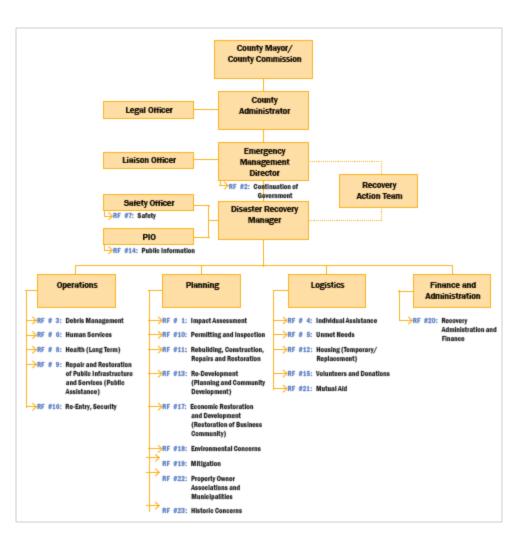
Activation and Decision-making Authority



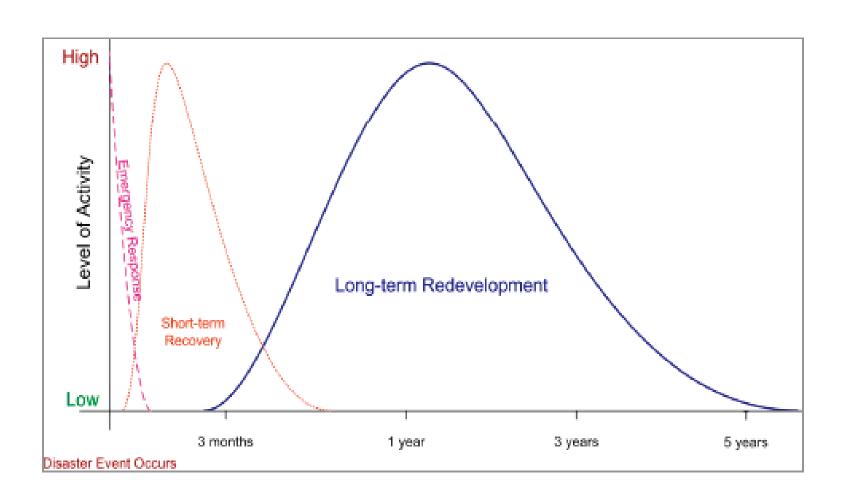
Post-Disaster Organization and Roles

"Long-term recovery functions are logical extension of normal department functions. The organization for recovery implementation is likely to mirror the jurisdiction's normal organization."

Recovery Function Structure: Monroe County



Milestones for Transitioning Between Post-Disaster Phases



Financing Implementation: Pre-Disaster

- Evaluate the vulnerability of local government revenues
- Identify core services
- Identify bond capacity
- Confirm mutual aid agreements
- Research applicable aid programs

Financing Implementation: Post-Disaster

- Use Damage Assessments to estimate impact to local revenue
- Project long-term effects of impacts
- Assess the capacity of local reserves
- Seek financial assistance
- Explore scaling back nonessential actions to prioritize staff time and resources



Including the Public in Implementation

"The success of any disaster recovery program is enhanced when the public is made aware of rebuilding priorities and kept informed of progress."

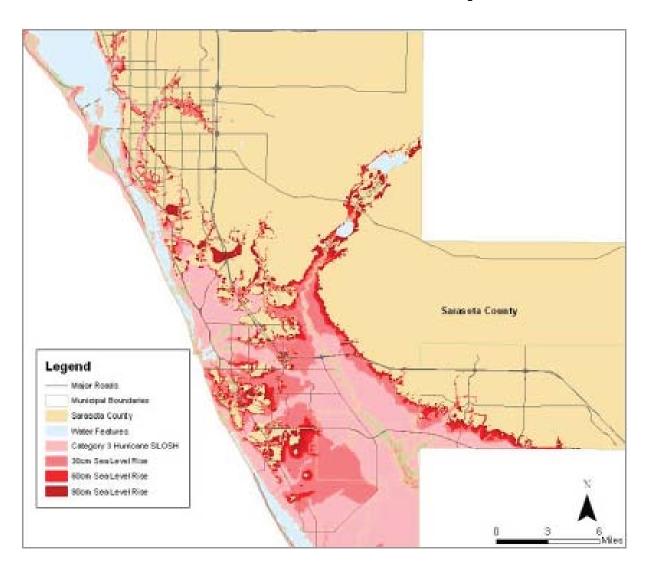




Training

- Post-Disaster Redevelopment Planning : The Next Steps
- Online Training/Workshop Module for:
 - Emergency Managers
 - Planners
 - Public and Elected Officials

Sea Level Rise Adaptation



Statewide Long-Term Recovery Framework

National Disaster Recovery Framework

Statewide Long-Term Recovery Framework

Local Post-Disaster Redevelopment Plan



Overview

- HMGP funds
 - Match 75%/25%
 - Reimbursement
- Maximum \$100,000
- Application Deadline: Dec 6
- Award Period: January-December 31, 2011

First Steps

- Schedule Board of County Commissioners approval for the project
- Optional letters of support
- Identify key stakeholders to provide additional help with proposal development
- Leverage other funding sources for plan development

Application

- Major Elements
 - Proposal
 - Scope of Work & Budget
- But Don't Forget...
 - General Information
 - Milestone Schedule

Proposal

- Describe how this plan will be developed over the next year
 - What are the community's primary goals?
 - What resources will you bring to the table?
 - What will the planning process look like?
 - Organization, Meetings, Activities, Exercises
 - Why is this plan needed?
- Make it yours...

Proposal Questions

- PDRP Coordinator
- Vulnerability Identification
- Local support
- Stakeholder and public participation
- Project approval
- 25% match
- Impact of plan
- Other funds

Scope of Work

- Action items of your proposal
 - Plan elements
 - Deliverables
 - Turned in to the State for review
 - Dates of submission
 - Don't save it all for the end
 - Budget
 - Justify, justify, justify

Scope of Work-Requirements

- Stakeholder group
- Public Participation
- Institutional capacity
 - Policies and procedures
- Vulnerability identification
- Issues and Actions

- Financial resources
- Communications strategy
- Implementation
- FINAL PLAN

Scoring

- Review Committee
- Scoring Rubric
 - Minimum requirements
 - 200 points
- Notification
 - 14 days
- Contract Negotiation
 - 30 days

